TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

ITALY.

- SPECIAL TELEGRAMS TO THE HERALD. Count Blemarck's Pledge to King Victor

QUEEN'S HOTEL, LONDON, Oct. 29, 1867. The London Globe of this evening says in an editorial article that although Prussia is engaged to a neutral course of policy on the Italo-Roman question, Count Bismarck, the premier, has given an assurance to the Cabinet in Florence that he will not allow France to make war on Italy on occount of the Papal

Popular Canvass of the Situation-The King's Proclamation Generally Condomned-Foolfug of Disaffection in Florence.

FLORENCE, Oct. 29-A. M. The Italian press is engaged in an anxious ussion of the national crisis and the policy of the government.

The more moderate liberal journals express approbation of the action of the Cabinet towards the Garibaldians and in the observance of the September Convention. The democratic papers are firm in their opposition to the course of the Executive and loud in their condemnation of the idea of foreign intervention in

There is much popular dissaffection, produced mainly by the vagueness of the King's proamation on the subject of the Roman question, and from the fact that the royal manifeeto contains no allusion or makes no reference to the matter of French intervention and how it should be met.

The army contingent, as classed in the year 1841, of the royal troops has been called out.

THE PRESS TELEGRAMS.

The PRESS TELEGRAMS.

The Army Reported Across the Roman Frontier—The Church Property at Sale—General La Marmora on a Mission to Paris—Legiciators Wounded with Garibaldi.

Floamer, Oct. 29—Evening.

It is rumored that the Italian troops have passed the

reation. No particulars are received.

The miss of the Church lands have commenced, and remise to add largely to the revenues of the Ital

FLORENCE, Oct. 25-Eve

Deputies Nicoters and Mosto are reported to ha

ROME.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE HERALD. Revolutionary Rising at Hand-Orsi Rombe Exploding in the Streets. Roses, Oct. 27-P. M.

The revolutionary junts is exceedingly active in its operations to promote the advancement of the national cause by a popular movement inside the city, and a rising against the temporal authority of the Pope is regarded as

Great slarm exists, as a number of Orsin bombs have been exploded in the streets during last night and to-day.

THE PRESS TELEGRAMS.

City-The Italian Army Across the Frontier and Garibaldi Ordered to Disarm-Revolu-tionary Movements in the City-The Pope Geing to Civita Vecchia.

Pana, Oct. 30—Neon.

The Italian army has crossed the frontier, and the ommanding general has ordered General Garribaidi to imam and disperse his forces.

FLORENCE, October 29, 1867.
Telegraphic communication with Rome has suddenly cased, the insurgents having probably out the wires.

Owing to the serious aspect of political affilirs the National Dies will be called together at an early day.

Panes, Oct. 29—10 P. M.

etruction of telegraphic communication were highly sportant. The insurgente in the city were actively gaged and an outbreak was momentarily expected. The victorious troops of General Garibaldi were only a miles away, organizing for an attack on the Eternal

Ornial shells were being fired in the streets by he Party of Action, who seemed to be impatiently stalling the arrival of Garibaldi. The precautions of he authorities for the preservation of order were ap-

be authorities for the preservation of order were apparently ineffective.

Despatches received from Civita Vecchia announce that the French feet had arrived without socident, The troops and munitions of war were being landed.

The Pope was hearly expected to arrive.

Octormination of the Pope. Pans, Oct. 30—Even It is reported that the Pope has informed the French government that if King Victor Emanuel enters Some he (the Pope) will learn.

No English Reports from the Eternal City.

Losses, Oct. 30—Evening.

He further despatches have been received from Italy.

Hething is known of the future course of General

FRANCE.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS TO THE HERALD.

The Iron-Clad Fleet at Civita Vecchiaports From Garibaldi's Camp-Conditions Between the Promier of Italy and the King-Reported Passage of the Frontier by Statian Troops. Paris, Oct. 28-Night.

The French fleet which sailed first from Toulon-including the iron-clads, for the Roman waters arrived at Civita Vecchia this morning, and its commander is engaged in debark-

La Presse of this afternoon says that General Garibaldi's army is being reinforced by thousands of men who have descried from the royal army of Italy.

Garibaldi carried Monte Rotondo after s severe fight, and marched direct for Rome, and it is believed here that he is now at the very gates of the city.

La Patrie says that the Premier and members of the new Italian Cabinet accepted office under two positive official conditions with Victor Emanuel. The conditions are:-First. that the King shall publicly disavow all connivance with or in support of the Garibaldian | he would leave the Eternal City.

sands who have crossed and are crossing the rontier into the Papal domain ; and, secondly, that by a military movement on the frontier the Italian army will co-operate with the French expeditionary force.

The Paris Spoque publishes news, dated in Florence, announcing that the Italian troops of the King's army crossed the frontier and entered the Papal territory to-day.

News of Garibaldi's Victory-Italian Military Co-Operation Refused by Napoleon-The Second Expeditionary Fleet Delayed at

PARIS, Oct. 29-A. M.

The news of General Garibaldi's victory over e forces of the Pope at Monte Rotondo, in the States of the Church, has been confirmed by telegrams from Florence and other sources.

The General displayed great personal daring during the engagement. His soldiers succeeded in capturing all the Pontifical force, made up of Zousves and gendarmes from Rome; but the Italian government authorities at once released

The state of the wind has delayed the departure from Toulon of the second French leet, which had just arrived in that port.

La Liberté, of this city, says that the Em peror Napoleon refused to permit the Italian army to co-operate with the French expeditionary force in the operations which may be undertaken in the Roman territory. In reply to the proposal of King Victor Emanuel in this direction Napoleon said that Italian cooperation was unnecessary, as he at present intended to limit the sphere of French action to Civita Vecchia.

AT TOULON.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS TO THE HERALD. sailing of the Second Roman Expeditionary Float-A Force of Artillery At Sea-Arrival of Treeps.

TOULON. Oct. 28-P. M. The second French fleet, which had just arrived from the North and was detained here by adverse weather, has followed in the wake of the first and left port for the Roman waters.

A force of artillery has also sailed. Troops are still pouring in here from different stations of the military departments.

TOULON. Oct. 29, 1867.

The imperial conscription for sallors for the French navy has been resumed here and in all the other maritime quarters and districts

The railroad is still engaged in bringing in troops from different points to augment the Italo-Roman expeditionary force.

THE PRESS TELEGRAMS.

Another Floet from Toulon-Victor Emanuel's Preciamation Approved-How Garibald is to Be Fought-The Italian Premier to Go to Rome with the French-A Cabinet Circu-

Late despatches received report Garibaldi as still helding his position near Monte Rotondo. It is reported that an agreement has been arrived at between France and Italy whereby the troops of the former will attack the insur-gents. The latter are therefore expected to retreat from PARIS, Oct. 29-Noon.

intervention of France in the Italian question. He re-gards the expedition as justifiable for the reason that Italy has failed to protect the Pope in his lawful and time bonored rights. A sense of honor and a due regard for the opinions of mankind impel the government to this course. M. Moustier asserts that the agency of France will proceed no further than is necessary to crush amred rebellion against the floir Father and free the Pontifical territory from the tread of hostile soldiers. When these objects shall have been accom-plianed the troops of France will be withdrawn, and a conference of the great Powers of Europe called to for-ever settle the Roman question.

Muster at Touton.

Pans, Oct. 29—Evening.

Advices from Civita Veschia announce the arrival
there of the floot of transports, and report that the
French troops have disembarked and are now occupying

Large bedies of troops have arrived in the violaity of Toulon, ready to embark for Italy, and their numbers are increasing.

Municipal Fete to the Emperor of Austria-Speech of Francis Joseph to France—A Brit-liant Scene and Universal Enthusians—The Legislative Session. / Parm. Oct. 29, 1861.

The municipality of Paris gave a grand banquet to their Imperial Highnesses the Emperor Napoleon and the Empress Eugénie and their guest, the Emperor Francis Joseph of Austria. The banquet took place at the Hotel de Ville, which was aplendedly decorated for

The Emperor of Austria in the course of 'the creating made an elequent and feeling speech. He returned his thanks to the Emperor and Empress, to the municipality of Paris and to the people of Pranca, for the noble hospitality with which he had been received, and solemnity invoked a closer amity between the empires of Prance and Austria. In this grand speciacie of international hospitality and friendship he beheld a new piedge of peace for Europe and a fresh guarantee for the progress and prosperity of nations.

The speech of the Emperer was received with profound emotion by the distinguished company present.

During the progress of the featival the Hotel de Ville, which was brilliantly illuminated, was surrounded by a vast assemblage of people, who repeatedly cheered for the Emperor Francis Joseph and the Emperor and Empress of the French.

When the imperial party at the constusion of the entertainment, passed through the growd in their carriages, on their return to the Tuileries, the most enthusiastic demonstrations were made by the people.

The Senate and Legislative Body will meet on the 18th of November.

BELGIUM.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE HERALD. The Pope Rejects Italian Support.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 29-A. M. Advices received in this city from Paris state that the Pope informed the French Minlater in Rome that if the Italian troops should, under any circumstances, come to the capital

GERMANY.

Bavaria Excluded from the Zeliverein-The Austrian Fromier Expected in Berlin. Basses, Oct. 28, 1867. Prussis declines to receive Bavaria isto the Zeliverein in the terms proposed by the Bavarian government. Lorson, Oct. 30—Evening. Baron Von Beust, the Austrian Frime Minister, will

The Emperor to Vicit the King of Prussia.

Pana, Oct. 30.—Evening.

The Emperor Francis Joseph, on his return to Vicana, will pay King William of Prussia a visit at Berlin.

GREAT BRITAIN.

Mr. Distracti in Defence of the Tory Reform Bill-Fenian Alarm in Liverpool-The Riet Trials in Manchester.

Mr. Disraeli, in answer to a complimentary toast, rose and made a characteristic speech. He gave a history of the reform question, recounted the action of the dif-ferent political parties in England in relation to the subject, and closed with a strong argument in justifica-tion of the tory party for their course in advocating and triumphantly carrying through Parliament the Repre-sentation of the Feople bill.

This city is now the centre of Fenian panic. Report of mysterious proceedings among the Irish inhabitant have caused the authorities to take extraordinary pre-caution. The armories of the volunteers and the gun

Digby Seymour, Esq., the principal counsel for the defence, has made another application for the removal to London of the trials just commenced at Manchester, on the ground of the hostility of public feeling against the sa. In the latter city; but the government has referred their request.

MANCHERTA, Oct. 30—Noss.

The trial of Allen is now in progress. The case against him and the others is very strong. There is much excitement in the city and the court building is guarded by national troops.

Twenty-six of the prisoners have been indicted for

The Fenian trials have been adjourned for the day.

IRELAND.

mence before the Special Commission on Thursday, when the challenging of the jury will commence.

No Result from the Commission of Inquiry.

The mixed commission recently cent to Candia by

the Sublime Porte for the settlement of the grieva

f the Cretans has returned without being able to

EUROPEAN MARKETS.

VERFOOL BREADSTUVE MARKET.—LIVERFOOL, Oct. 30-sing.—The market closes quiet and steady. Corn 3d.; wheat, 16s. 3d. for California, and 14s. 3d. for Vestern; barley, 5s. 4d.; oats, 3s. 10d.; peas, 51s. 6d. sarrool. Provisions Market.—Liverfoot.

EUROPEAN MARINE NEWS

LONDONDERRY, Oct. 30, 1867.
The steamship Nova Scotian, from Quebec, has arrived here on the way to Liverpool.

BRAZIL.

Nothing Important from the Sent of War-Change in the Tariff Duties. Lisbon, Oct. 28, 1867. The mail cleamer from Rio Janeiro has arrived.

port duty of dition per cent, to take effect on and after

MEXICO.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE HERALD. The Indian Atrocities—Junrez Pails to Sond

Juares has not yet sent the two thousand mos which were urgently domanded to step the Indian struction. The tribes have united.

ST. DOMINGO.

War Declared Against Hayti-Bacz Planning to Return Cabral on the Frentier with an Army of 4,000 Men. Havana, Oct. 30, 1867.

Intelligence has been received here that St. De-mingo has declared war against Hayti on ac-count of the sympathy and assistance given by the Haytiens to ex-President Bass. Bass was at Caraccas, where he was planning an attempt to return to St. Domingo.

President Cabral and General Pessin were on the Haytien frontier with an army of four thousand men.

Execution of Revolting Prisoners at Santi-age de Cuba-Commercial and Marine

NEW YORK.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE HERALD.

The Steamenty America Andre at Mon-tank Point, Broken to Piecee.

EAST HAYPTON, L. L. Oct. 80, 1867.]

The British steam thip Amsterdam, from Malega, loaded with fruit, which went ashore last week at Montank Point, was broken to pieces in the storm of

HAVANA, Oct 30, 1867.

per cont, which is now the law.

The Fenine Treasen Trinic.
DUBLIN, Oct. 30, 1867.

The city is perfectly quiet

shops in the city are guarded, and the police pa

A public dinner was given to the Right Hon. Ber , the Chancellor of the Exchequer, yesterday, a

THE INDIANS.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE MERALE.

Considerable alarm is feit in camp this morning is consequence of the movements of the Cheyennes, numbering six hundred warriors. The Arapahoes informe the Commission that they suspected the Cheyennes chad faith, and warned them to beware of an attack

harge and with a yell, and desired all the other In-ms to get away from our camp. Some of the Com-missers are nervous. They (the Cheyennes) are ex-

A treaty was concluded with the Apaches, numbering ghty-five lodges, yesterday. They are confederated ith the Kiewas and Comanches, and receive an annuity

Arrival of the Sloux Peace Makers at Laramie-An Indian Chief's Contempt for Ignorant Whites-Attacks by Indians on Beats and Railronds. Sr. Love, Oct. 20, 1867.

Sr. Lovis, Oct. 30, 1867.

Omaha despatches say that a messenger has arrived a Fort Laramie with thirty Slour warriors, who favor sace. The head men promise to be at Fort Laramie on to 19th of Navamber.

Chief White Cloud has sent word by Governor Hunt, of Colorado, that there is no use in the government sending any more ignorant men to negotiate with him, but with Governor Hunt or somebody who understands the Indian question he will treat upon liberal terms, relinquish all claims to the Plains, and remove to the extreme North. Governor Hunt will go to Fort Larame by the way of White Cloud's camp and endeavor to make terms with him.

A fleet of seven Mackinaw boats arrived at Omaha from Fort Benton on Monday. The Indians attacked the boats below Yellow Stone and killed one man. The Indians obstructed the track of the Union Pacific Railroad between Antelope and Prine Bluff stations, of few days since, with a view of throwing the train of but workmen discovered the obstructions and removed them before damage was done.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE HERALO.

he Vote on the Negro Suffrage Amendment Counted—Majority Against It, 50,639— Award of a Democratic Banner. OOLUMBUS, Ook 30, 1867, }

Secretary of State and Attorney General, to-day flushed counting the vote on the constitutional amendment giving the negre the right of suffrage. The vote stands own:-For the amendment, 216,987; against the ment, 255,340; not voting, 12,276. As all the it, it will be seen that the proposition to enfranchise the blacks is beaten by 50,629 voice.

The banner to be given by the State Democratic Central Committee to the county showing the largest democratic gain for one year was on last evening awarded to Lawrence county, she having made a democratic gain of 1,221 voice.

THE PRESS TELEGRAM.

Fire at Cuyaboga Falls. The Phoenix Paper Mills, at Cuysheas Falls, owned by lanford & Yooman, were destroyed by fire to-day. The ma was \$20,000, on which there was \$12,000 insurance.

PENNSYL VANIA

calling Race Between Coulter and McKlel Primaumo, Oct. 80, 1867.
The five mile sculling contest between Henry Coulter
of Putsburg, and John McKiel, of Cold Spring

Penian Mass Meeting in Philadelphia

CONNECTICUT.

nation was held at the Allyn House, in this city 240 10s. for inseed.

London Markers.—London, Oct. 30—Noon.—No.
12 Dutch standard sugar, 25s. Calcutta imaged, 68s. 5d.
Linseed cakes, £11. Linseed oil, £40 10s. Whale oil,
£40. Sperm, \$115.
THE PERFOLEUM MARKET.—ANYMER, Oct. 30—Evening.—The petroleum market is heavy at 52f.

Reception of General Sheridan at Montpeller. Montpeller, Oct. 30, 1867. The reception of General Sheridan here to-day was a one affair. A slight rain prevailed most of the day; but, not withstanding, the people were out by thousands to join in the demonstrations. The General was brought from Concord by a special train, and reached here about three o'clock P. M. Be was presented to the people from the steps of the Capiclo by ex-Governor Dillingham, and subsequently to the two Houses of Assembly, ingits Representatives' Hall, by Governor Paga. To both presentation addresses General Sheridan responded in appropriate speeches, in which he was quite complimentary to Vermont and Vermont soldiers. He attended the nameal gathering of the Vermont officers and soldiers in the evening, and left by the night train, via Springfield, for New York, where he is expected to arrive at noon to-merror. The whole affair of the General's reception has been a complete sucrean. The public and private decorrations noticeable everywhere about town were quite extensive and in

LOUISIANA.

The New Orleans Board of Health and the Yellew Fover—The School Beard Muddle.

New ORLEANS, Oct. 30, 1867.

At a meeting of the Board of Health last night quarantine was suspended. A motion was offered by Dr. Warren Stonejthat the yellow fever be declared no longer an epidemic. The motion was opposed, and referred to the Committee on Health. Dr. Stone argued that the disease had run its course and was no longer epidemic, though spendie cases will continue for some time. In his opinion it is perfectly safe for a stranger to come to the city. In his remarks he contended that the yellow fever was not contagious under any circumstances. There were only nine yellow fever interments yesterday.

There were only nine yellow fever interments yesterday.

Mayor Heath has vetoed the ordinance repealing all ordinances providing for the administration of the public schools, on the ground that the Council made so previous fer any other administration of the schools, leaving them without directors or teachers. The action of the Council looks as if they intended abolishing the schools sitegether, since they have failed to force the negroes into the white schools. The ordinance was passed over the Mayor's veto by the Board of American Alderman, but is not yet sorted upon by the upper Board. Judge Learmont, of the Sixth District Court, has decided to perpetuate the injunction granted to the Behool Board restraining the Mayor from promulgating the ordinance. A resolution was offered in the Board of Aldermen last night, requesting the military authorities to remove the present School Board, which was lost, two blacks voting in favor and four whitee against it.

CANADA.

Ten of the prisoners who took part in the revolt at the sententiary at Santiago de Cuba were abot on the 23d parant. All the others implicated in the affair have sentenced to long terms of imprisonment.

Sugar insnimate; No. 12 D. S. is quoted at 8 a 84g cale per arroba. Cabbagee \$30 a \$35 per hundred. reals per arroba. Cabbages \$30 a \$38 per hundred. Provisions dull.

Exchange on London, 15 is a 16 per cent premium; on New York, ourreacy, 26 per cent discount; short sight, 24% discount; gold, 6½ per cent discount; short, 7 per cent, and rising.

Arrived, seamers Columbia, from New York; Jeeph Segar, from Boston.

Builed, steamer Rapides and bark Eliza, for New York; from Mannasa, schooners Willie, for Haltimore, and Valerio, for north of Hatterns. Proposed Amalgamation of the Commercial Bank with Another. Mortner, Oct. 30, 1507.

At a meeting of the shareholders of the Commercial Bank yesterday it was decided to recommend the resumption of the bank by amalgamating it with some other banking institution, and to apply to Parliament at the next session for power to de so.

Wreck of a Schooner Near Port Maitland. Denayina, Oct. 20, 1597.

The schooler M. F. Merrick, loaded with whe at, went ashore above Port Mailland last night. It is, supposed that she will be got off without much damy.go.

Western Banks Conferring with Vac Cov-ernment-Rumored Division in the Cabinet Contradicted.

Ottawa, Oct. 30, 1867.

here to-day to confer with the grearnment.

The rumors of a division in the Cabinet on diseased questions are said to be entirely unfounded.

VIRGINIA.

SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE WESALG.

the property of any person so refusing.

It is the opinion of the best informed citizens that municipal election under the present registration in Richmond will occur within sixty days. If this be done the city government will be turned over bodily to radi-

THE PRESS TELEGRAM.

General Schofield's Explanation of the Appointment of Delegates to the Convention.

RUMMOND, Va., Oct. 30, 1867.

General Schofield, in an official report, explains the appointment of delegates to the convention. The appointments actually made gives forty-seven delegates from election districts having white majorities and fifty-eight from districts having colored majorities.

GEORGIA.

The Election in Savannah-One White Man

The election passed off quietly to-day. The total vote ast so far as heard from, is 2,500. Only one white man gan. The negroes have it all their own way, as the whites do not go near the polls.

A new poli will be opened to-morrow for the whites. Nearly all the voice cast are for the radical ticket.

The election to-day was remarkably quiet. No whites participated up to six o'clock this afternoon. Fourteen hundred and sixteen votes have been cast, three of

The Result of the Two Days' Voting in Co-The result of the two days election is 1,117 votes, all

voted. The number of registrations in the county was 2,910—1,160 whites and 1,760 blacks. General Pope Orders the Polls to Be Kept

Open Until Saturday Night-Additional Returns. AUGUSTA, Ga., Oct. 80, 1867. cards to keep the polis open till six P. M. on Saturday

an extension of two days.

The returns of the first and second days indicate that the convention would have been defeated had not the time been extended. It is now regarded certain that the question will be carried. The conservatives generally throughout the State have taken no part in the election, which is passing off quietly. The only and county vote to-day was 830; for two days 3,818.

Lagrange—The vote for two days is about 1,200. Only four whites have voted.

Griffin—233 votes were polled to-day. Very few whites are voting. whites are voting.

The total vote of Atlanta and Fulton counties for two
days is 1,810, four-fiths at least of which are for a convention and the Union reconstruction ticket.

MASSACHUSETTS.

Destruction of a Flume at Law

THE ARMY AND NAVY

and chief commissary of musters.

First Licutenant Theodore Rendall, Thirty-third United States infantry, was tried by a court martial at New York city on the charge of disobedience of orders and desertion; was found guilty of disobedience of orders and absence without leave and sentenced to be confined to the limits of the post where his company may be serving for the same period, and to be reprimanded in general orders by the department commander.

Piret Lieutenante P. M. Skinner, Eighteenth infantry, and L. M. Demotte, Twenty-eighth infantry, have resigned, and Colone Salisbury, additional paymaster, honorably discharged and mustered out.

The Navy.

ORDERED. Setant Surgoon Lorenzo Traver ordered to vey steamer Corwin.

and Assistant Engineer F. W. Bassett has resigned. Lieutenant Commander Wm. Whitehead has been de-tached from the Saco and placed on waiting orders. Acting Ensign S. H. Howell is detached from the Wash-ington Navy Yard and granted leave of absence. Acting Assistant Surgeon Issiah Dowling has been detached from the Coast Survey steafaer Cerwin and placed on waiting orders.

THE MADISON AVENUE GRADING.

STREET COMMEMOREMENT OFFICE, Oct. 30, 1867.
To the Euron or the Herald:—
The Street Commissioner notices in this day's insue of your paper reference made to the contraster having in charge the regulating, grading, &c., of Madison arenue; and deeming that the public should be inferred as to its condition, and when it will be completed, has consusted with the contractor mentioned in your articles, and examined the progress of the work, and has the entisfaction to state that the contract has so far advanced toward completion that in the course of from three to four weeks the contract will be finished.

Trusting you will give this brief answer to the numerous references relating to the condition of Madison

ous references relating to the condition of Madison avenue some prominency, I remain yours, respectfully, GEORGE W. McLEAN, Street Commissioner

THE RECENT STORM ON THE COAST.

The mest terrific gale that has visited this coast this season has been blowing to-day, and still continues with unshated fury. As nine e'clock last evening the wind shifted from northeast to due east, and a heavy rain squall set in, which did not reach its full height until this evening. At ten o'clock this morning an English brig came into the Roads with her mainmast completely carried away. The aquall struck her off Willoughby Point, about two miles out, and several persons on the where here saw her mant go by the board. In the afterneon another brig, flying the Austrian flag, came in with her maintopgaliantsmass and main and jibbooms gone. From the violence of the storm it is feared there has been a large number of vessels wrecked on the coast.

The United States Frigate Susquehanna, the flagship of Admiral Palmer, is daily expected here, and it is feared the may anybe in the neighberhood of Hatteras; but, being a first c'ame vessel, she will no doubt weather the squall, let hery most it where she will.

The Roads are Trail of vessels of all classes whiting for the storm to abate.

Quick.—Gal, veston and Heuston Texas papers of the 25th inst. Were received at this office last evening—only

A RU/s That Will Not Alwars Work.—In 1850 a St. Louis 'ousiness man, prosperous and happy, caught a third' in his room, who, on pleading for mercy and programs to lead an houset life, was let off. The merchant failed and became poor and needy. Lately his O'nd sequaintance met him, and on finding out his unformants condition gave him \$10,000 as anglecknowledgment which he had long intended to make. As a rule it will not do to let there ago in the expectation of getting \$10,000 some time.

MAILS FOR THE PACIFIC.

The steamship Arizona will sail from this port on The mails for Central America and the South Pacific The New York Henrin-Edition for the Pacific-w be ready at haif-pass nine in the morning.
Single copies, in wrappers, for mailing, six cante.

that Sergeant Schoommaker, of the s a leave of absence for twenty days on and that he should have reported for and since the day he had left the st

duced in evidence on the trial:—To Eleventh presimetUfficer James Gillshan has been brought to this unified
under the influence of liquor. I have seat him back on
his post until you can cover it.
Gillshan contended that Badeil was not ever unfriendly to the thieves who congregate on the corner
of Rivingion and Lowis streets, and that he arrested
him (Gillshan) through malice because he dared to
clear the corners on his (Bedefi's) post.
The evidence on both sides was very conflicting, and
the awaring of some of the witnesses had the appearance of being very "tail," if not more so.

Several other cases were disposed of by the Commissioners.

A.—Why Ought Phalon's Night B.
RREUs to be recommended by all the temperales! Because however much you use it you can
drop too much.

A.—Universal Expection, Paris, 1866
TRINWAY & SONS triumphant, having been awas to first grand gold medal for American Grand detunpright Plance, by the unanimous verdits of the lational Jury. The medal is distinctly classified a
derigot merit over all other American exhibitors, are
more than four hundred plance entered for competits

A Bitter Pill, Indeed.

PLANTATION BITTERS—8. T—180—E. A wondroute Toulo, made by Dr. Drake.
We presume "poor Tom's" case is not worse than he ireds who are cared daily by this wonderful medicine.

Magnolin Water-A Delightful Toilet Arth-A .- Rhoumation Legally Warranted Cared or money refunded Dr. FITLER'S Great Vegetable Shoutail Remedy taken inwards. References, 17,167 ourse, Fractical depot, 70t Broadway. Fosturely as sure no page.

Batchelor's Hair Dys.—The Bost in the world; the only perfect Dys; harmless, reliable, instante-neous. Factory & Barcley street. Cure Gray Hair, Baldness, Sore Menipolew Hair forced to grow. Dr GRANDJEAN, 60 poers

Campbell, Apothecary and Chemist, corner lights aroses and Iventy-sights street. Prooripiless carefully prepared and pure medicine.

Corne, Bunlogs, Enlarged Joints and Amironese of the Post oured by Dr. RACHARIA Cristadepo's Hair Dyo ... The Best Ever Man-

Dr. Schenck Will Net Be Profession of until furnith Avenue of the Schenor's Pulnoyal Strup.
SCHENOR'S SERWERD TONIO.
SCHENOR'S MADDRAKE PILLS.

The Saaweed Tonic discoves the food and causes postion.

When these organs are restored to a bealthy consequence of the consequ

Do You Wish to Buy With Confidence to STOKES cicking store, be Breadyne

Hyatt's Life Baleaus.—Rhe amations, in and Gott in their worse forms, in he fereful Evil, Erraipeias, Old Ulcore, Sali E acum, Dyspec Complaint, Kidneys, the worst cases of impublood, Ac, are most certaints so, each to this sover falled the sale and th

Ox-Gall Washing Finid. Unarcoodente success; used by all the great house for the tready an house cleaning. Sold by all greens. Dispot, to Bridge an Torrey's Patest Wenther Strips Exclud-wind, dust, anow or rain. Warranted five years. Depot? Maiden lane, New York.

The Very Highest Prize, the Cross of the Legion of Heads, was soutered on the representative of the GROVER & BAKER SEWING MACHINES at the Expension University, Parts, 1887.

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